

The World Beyond:

Opportunities and Challenges in Global Energy Investing

IPAA Private Capital Conference By Robin West

25 February 2010

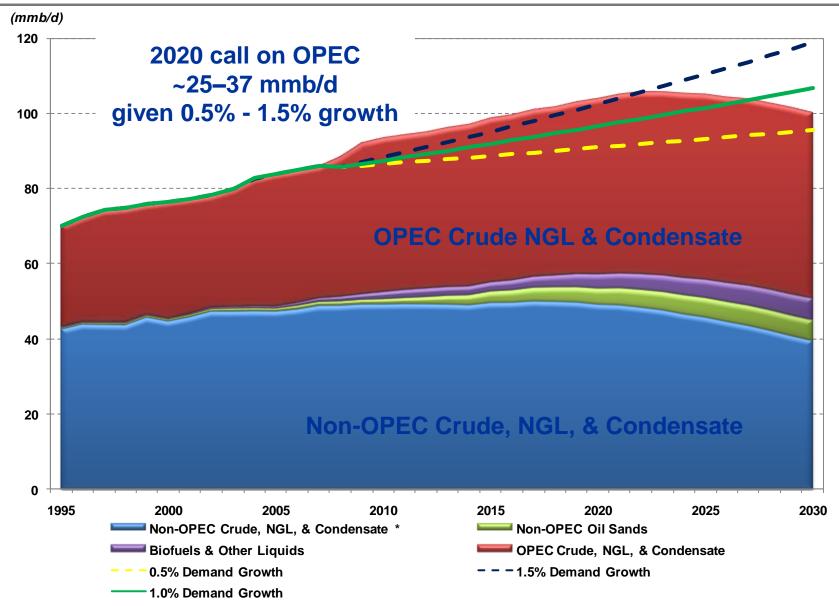




A Little Perspective

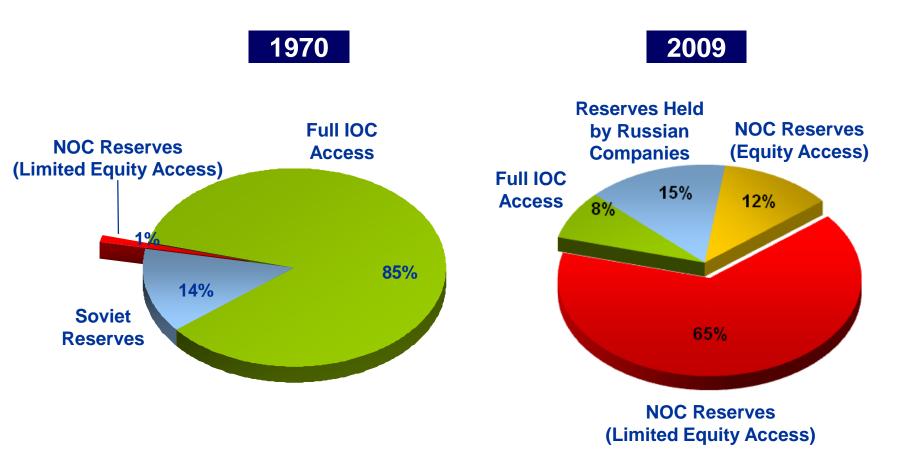
Danger of Future Supply Crunch Remains





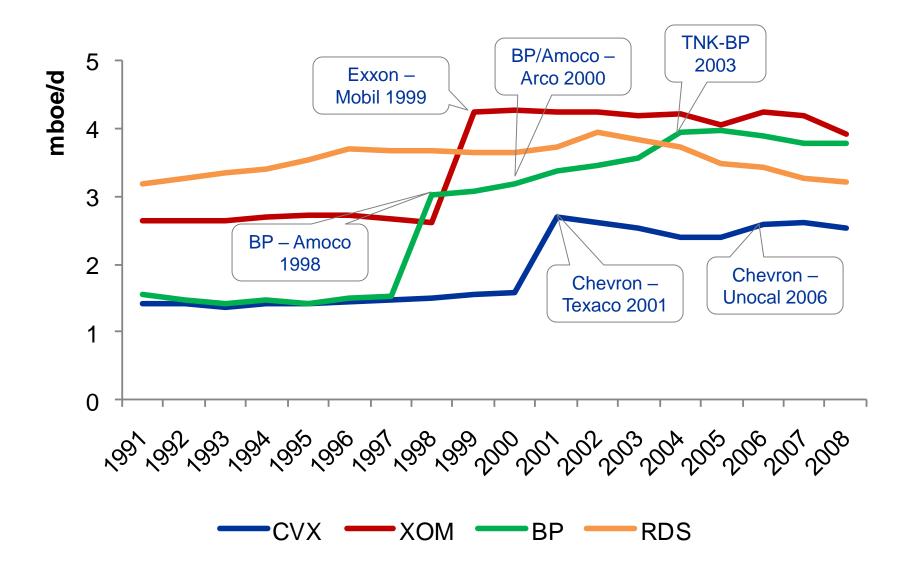
Its Their Oil: Increasingly Limited Access— Particularly to the Easiest Reserves





SuperMajors Seem Unable to Grow



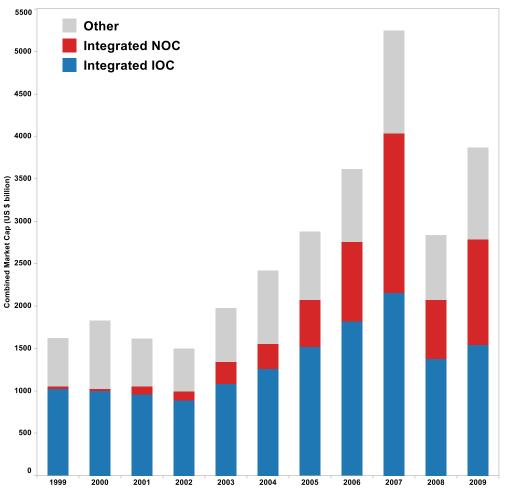


Value is Migrating to the Traded NOCs



- In 1999, traded NOCS made up 1% of the combined value of the *PFC Energy 50* companies; this share was 32% in 2009
- In a decade, this set expanded from two companies (Petrobras, Gazprom) with a combined value of worth \$22 bn to eleven companies worth \$1.2 trillion
- Unlike the SuperMajors, these companies promise
 - Growing demand
 - Access to resources

Value of PFC Energy 50 by segment (%)

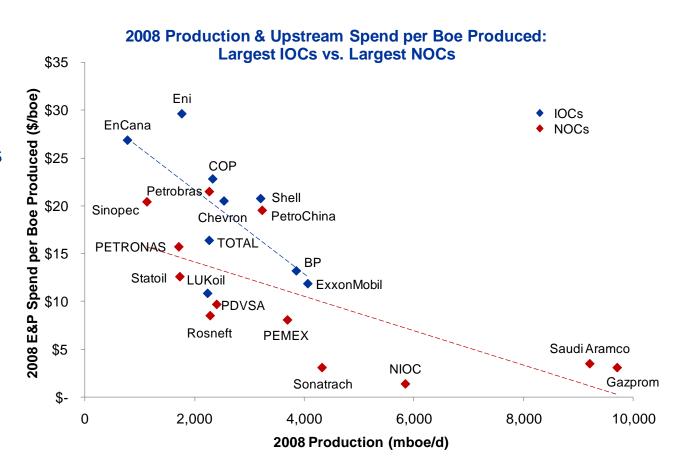


Source: PFC Energy PFC Energy 50

There Are Exceptions, But NOC Control Means Less Investment



- NOCs tend to invest less than IOCs in the upstream sector
- NOCs with declining sectors need major investments
- NOCs with growing production (e.g. Petrobras) need access to capital



Largest NOCs Spend Substantially Less than the Largest IOCs

Expect Dramatic Shifts in the Global Competitive Landscape 2010-2020



2000-2010

- Independents focused on the "incremental" gas shale play (tight gas) with enormous impacts on aggregate North American supply
- The number of NOCs overseas accelerated
- Large mergers reached a stopping point with ChevronTexaco
- Oil sands investment in Canada took off
- The world's largest deepwater play was led by a NOC
- Independents made substantial impacts in new conventional plays overseas

2010-2020

- Tight gas technology will spread overseas, with success & failure
- Global Players move further into the North American tight gas play, reversing a 20 year pattern
- Deteriorating downstream value makes global players disaggregate – opening way for large mergers
- Independents continue substantial impacts in new conventional plays overseas
- Tight oil play takes off in the US
- Tight oil play spreads faster with greater impact overseas than tight gas

The New Hot International Destination: US!



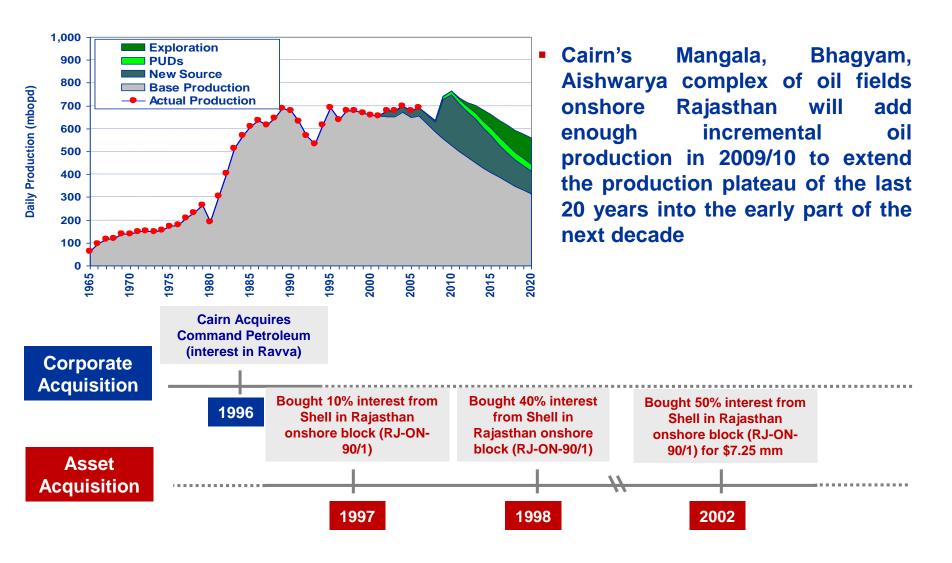
- Gazprom Marketing & Trading USA Inc. begins buying and selling wholesale gas in the US
- Petrobras exercises its preference right to acquire 50% of Devon's participation interest in the Cascade field in the GOM
- Maersk Oil pays \$1.4 billion for Devon's 25% working interest in the Jack Lower Tertiary development in the GOM
- BP, Statoil and TOTAL invest nearly \$5 billion, plus similar amount in carried costs, in Chesapeake's unconventional gas plays
- ExxonMobil makes \$41 billion purchase of XTO
- Mitsui invests \$1.4 billion to participate in Anadarko's Marcellus Shale development



Going International

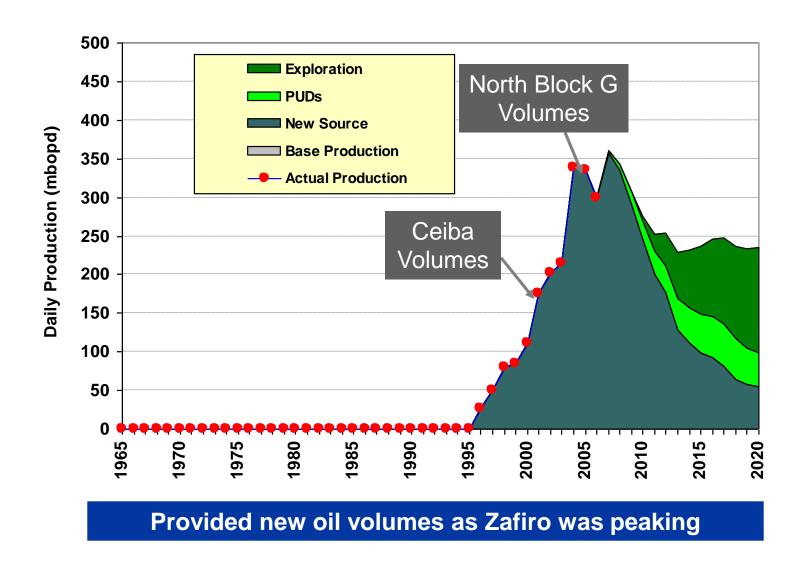
Cairn in India Led to Discovery of ~1 bnbbls of Recoverable Reserves – Extends Indian Plateau





What Triton (Hess) did for Equatorial Guinea

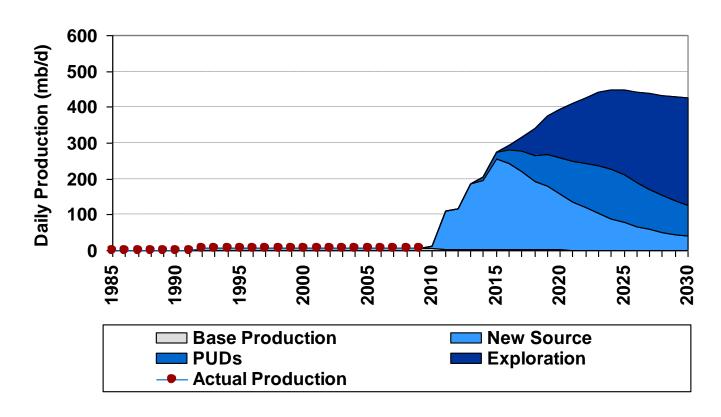




Kosmos, Tullow and Anadarko Changed the West African Margin Play



Ghana: Oil Production Forecast by Reserve Category

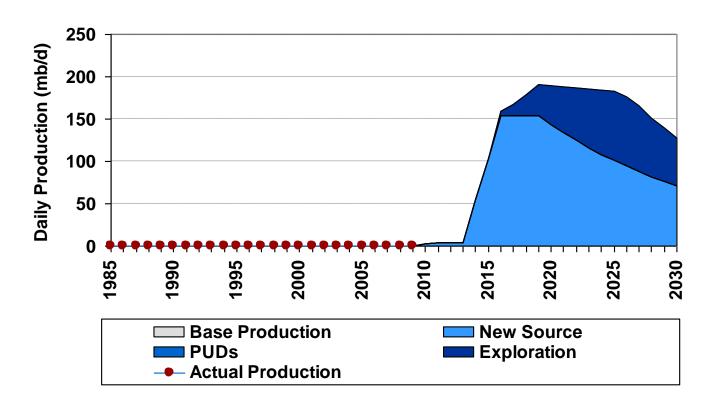


Additional Success Outside Ghana

Tullow Continued the East Africa Play



Uganda: Oil Production Forecast by Reserve Category



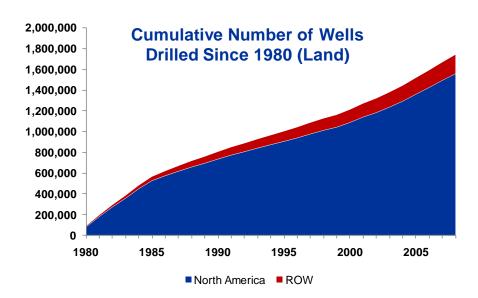
East Africa rift play was hot in the 1980s, but failed outside Sudan; Tullow came back to it

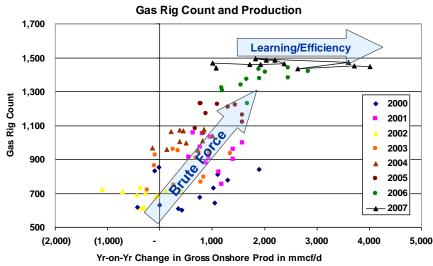
Excellent Opportunities Exist for Companies That Bring Real Expertise—e.g. Drilling Efficiencies



North America is far and away the world's expert on land drilling. Of the 1.7 million wells that were drilled between 1980 and 2008, 90% were drilled in North America

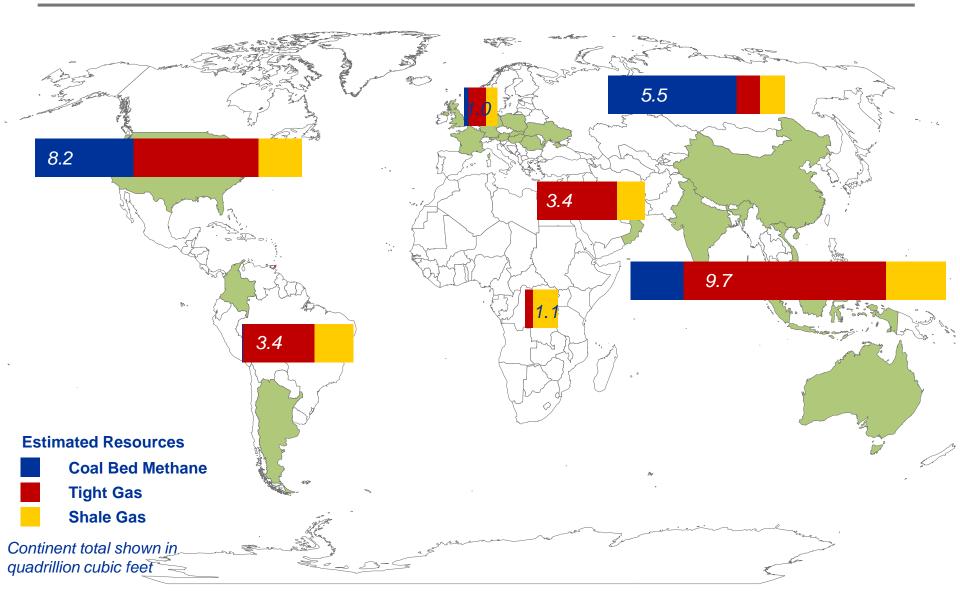
 US technology, expertise and competition have delivered extraordinary productivity improvements—resulting in step-function cost reductions for unconventional gas





International Interest in Unconventional Gas, but Potential Looks Smaller...





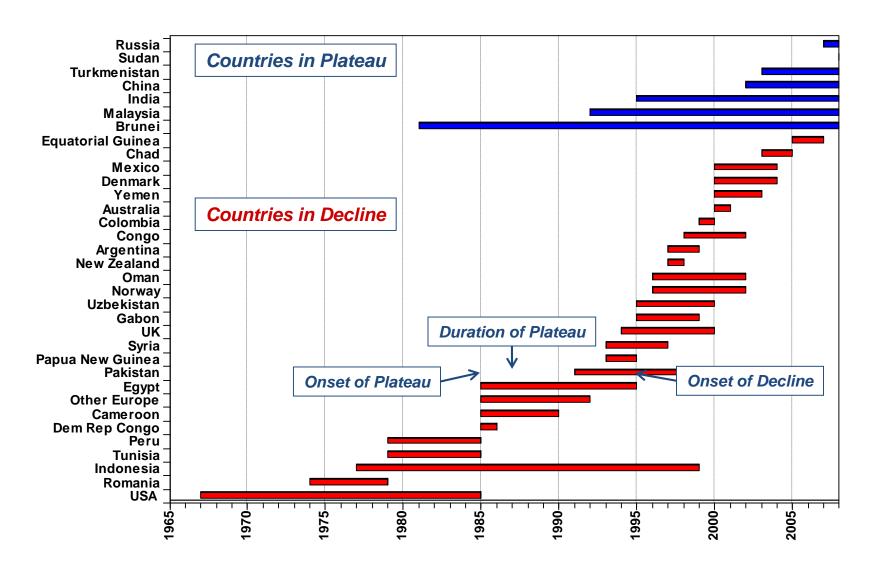
...and Few of the Prerequisites for Unconventional Gas Plays are in Place Elsewhere Today



- Large and capable service sector with pre-positioned equipment
- Experienced field and drilling personnel
- Multitude of small players drilling aggressively and learning fast
- Sophisticated land title system
- Gas gathering infrastructure
- Good roads, bridges and other physical access
- Appropriate legislation/regulation

As More Countries' Fields Mature, US EOR Expertise Will be in Demand Internationally





A Huge New Play

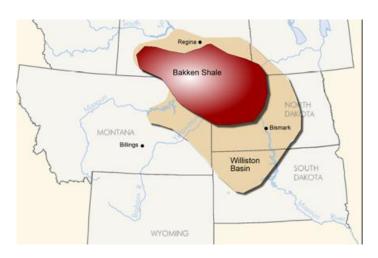


Areally extensive shale resource

- USGS estimated OOIP of 414 bbo
- Very low permeability (<5% recovery)

Accelerating development

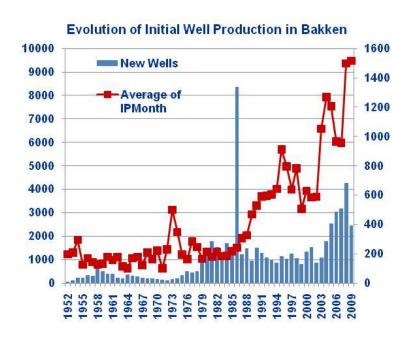
- Started in 2000 with Elm Coulee field in Montana, but shifted to N. Dakota
- Intensive development from 2005- 1H 2008
- Squeezed into unprofitability by collapse of oil prices
- Window of profitability has re-opened as costs have plummeted

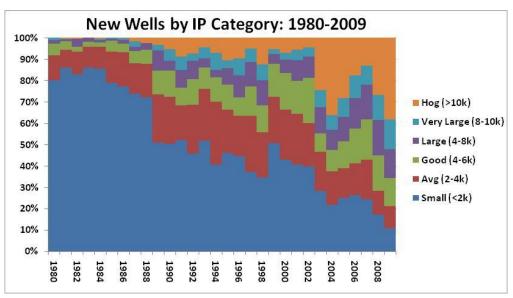


In the Bakken, Initial Month Production Per Well Has Doubled Since 2000



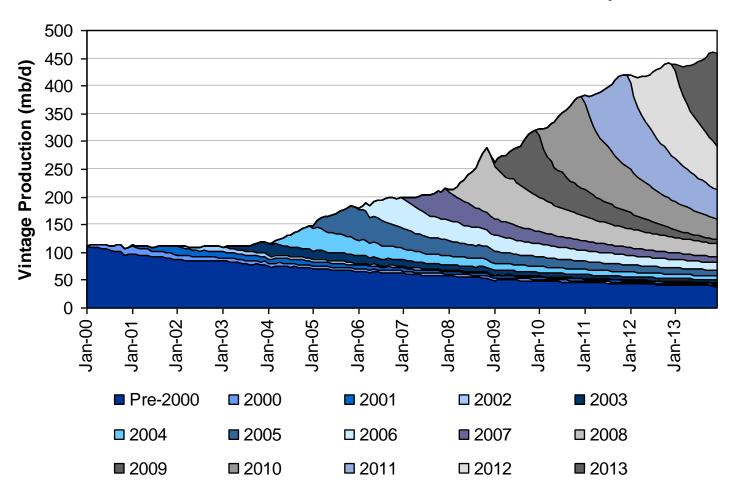
- Well productivity has grown materially
- Driver of real growth is ability raise both activity and the portion of wells in top productivity categories
 - Learning spreads
 - Experience grows, meaning fewer mistakes





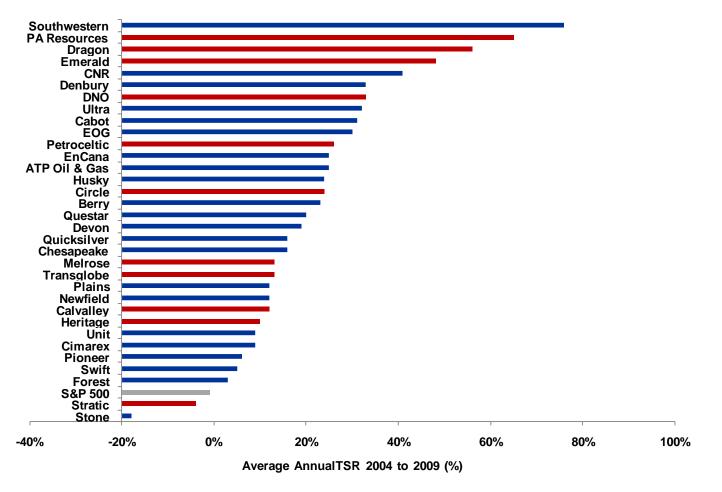


Bakken Shale Production Forecast: 1200 Wells/yr



You Can Make Money: International Independents Delivered More Value

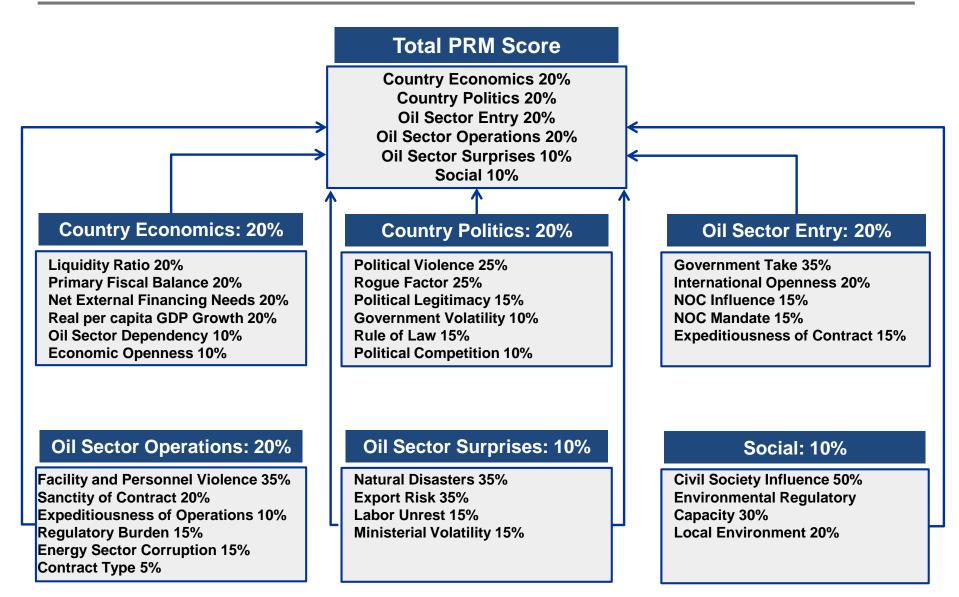




- Average return for companies with operations in North Africa, Middle East and Central Asia: 41%
- Average return for companies focused on North America: 13%

But Need To Assess Risk, Which Has Many Different Ingredients





Conclusions



- There are always international opportunities for companies that bring real expertise—but if they were easy, someone would already have done them
- Independents can thrive in the gap between the ambitions and capabilities of NOCs with technically challenging portfolios
- There are international opportunities to export US tight (oil and gas) reservoir technology
- International E&P is not easy, but the breadth and depth of international opportunities can be very large—even those that appear "incremental" to the global players, at least initially
- Companies that work to understand the real risks and manage these can be very successful
- For companies with a comparative advantage funding is increasingly available



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