# IPAA Private Capital Conference

January 26, 2017



# **Topics**

- 1. Chiron Financial Snapshot
- 2. OCC Guidelines
- 3. Bank Refinancing Alternatives
- 4. More Stressed Solutions



### What We Do



### **Private Placements**

- Private placements of capital at every level of capital structure
- Trusted relationships with traditional and alternative capital sources
- Considerable experience with creative structures that meet client objectives and are well received in the capital marketplace

### Mergers & Acquisitions

- Company and asset sales
- Considerable experience executing complex, multiconstituent transactions
- Trusted relationships with strategic and private equity buyers
- Extensive experience with complex, creative structures, both in and out of bankruptcy

### Financial Restructuring

- Negotiation of multiparty senior/subordinated debt/trade restructurings
- Preparation of complete financial analysis to support restructuring plan
- Evaluation and negotiation of Chapter
   11 plans and out-ofcourt settlements

### Advisory

- Complex valuations of going concern entities involved in litigation situations and bankruptcy proceedings
- Support stakeholder compromises, strategic combinations
- Fairness and solvency opinions
- Feasibility analyses
- Expert testimony to support work product



# **Selected Clients by Service Type**

### **Private Debt and Equity Placement**









































### **Mergers and Acquisitions**





































### **Financial Restructuring**



















**PetroChem** 











# **Advisory**























# **Selected Clients by Industry Sector**























































































PetroChem









us bank















# Regulation Regarding Oil & Gas Lending

- Two key regulatory agencies:
  - 1. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC")
    - Most state and regional banks
  - 2. Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ("OCC")
    - National banks and foreign bank branches
- Both the FDIC and OCC have specific guidelines in regards to oil & gas lending
  - OCC historically more stringent
- OCC released guidelines in March 2016 on reserve based lending ("RBL") facilities
  - Quantitative metrics to classify RBL loans as:
    - 1. Pass
    - 2. Special Mention
    - 3. Substandard
    - 4. Doubtful
    - 5. Loss
  - Classifications have dramatic impacts on amount of capital banks must hold against loans
- FDIC published its own guidelines on June 2016, which are less quantitative, less specific
- The new guidelines are causing a sharp transformation in bank credit availability for E&P companies



# **OCC:** Key quantitative metrics

OCC Metric	Pass	Special Mention	Sub Standard or Worse
Total Funded Debt to EBITDA	< 3.5:1	3.5-4.0:1	4.0:1 or >
Total Funded Debt / Capital	< 50%	50%-60%	> 60%
Total Committed Debt to FNR	< 65%	65% - 75%	> 75%
Total Proved Reserves Eco Life after Repayment	> 25%	25%-10%	< 10%

# Key takeaways:

- All debt (not just bank debt) is included in calculations
- Total committed amounts of RBL are tested
- Future Net Revenue ("FNR") is calculated using:
  - 1. Strip pricing
  - 2. Unrisked reserves
- Removes bank specific metrics (price deck, reserve riskings, etc.)
- Less discretion



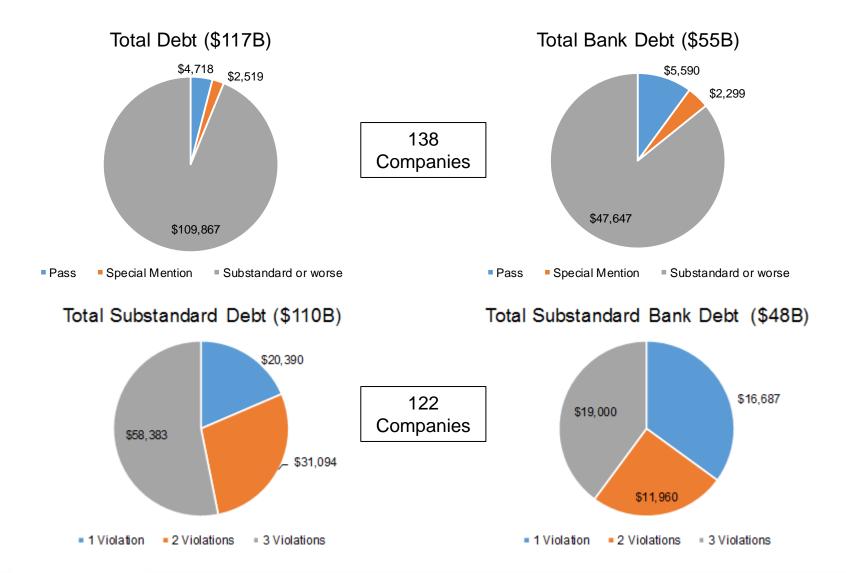
# How large is the problem?

# An Estimate: Analysis and Assumptions

- Cash flows and debt for LTM thru September 2016
- Reserves FNR at December 2015
- \$366B in total debt in public companies
- 170 publicly traded companies included
- \$220B in investment grade credits removed: standards not applied
- Removed companies that have filed bankruptcy or no longer operating
- Omitted repayment test due to lack of information (i.e. full reserve report)
- Relevant universe: 138 public companies with \$117B in total debt



### **Estimates of the Amount of Problem Debt**





# **Takeaways**

- Up to \$48 billion of public E&P bank debt may need to be replaced
- These 122 companies have total debt of about \$110 billion
- Some changes may also affect non-bank debt

### Caveats:

- The numbers will change as of 12/31/16
- Rising oil and gas prices change the analysis
- Some banks may wait and hope



# What can E&P companies do?

### Alternative debt: Likely the primary route

- Credit funds, hedge funds, public markets
- First lien, second lien, unsecured bonds
- More costly
- More flexible
- Range of E&P experience
- Potential to combine drilling or acquisition with refinancing
- Finance any unencumbered assets (e.g. pipelines, liquids plants, etc.)

### Sale of non-essential assets

- Non-core areas
- Lower priority acreage; royalties
- Real estate

# Sell equity

- Parent company
- Subsidiary
- Preferred
- Project working interest
- Equity swap for non-bank debt



# **More Stressed Solutions**

# Out of court refinancing or sale

- Some debt may take a discount and/or equity
- UCC Article 9 sale

## Pre-packaged Chapter 11

- Reordering of debt and equity structure
- Debt often reduced substantially
- Substantial negotiation with all or most investor classes prior to filing

## Chapter 11 reorganization

- Restructured debt
  - Debt reductions; "term out"
- Potential debtor in possession (DIP) financing
- Potential exit financing: debt and/or equity

# Chapter 11 Rule 363 sale

- Orderly sale
- Potential debtor in possession (DIP) financing

# Last resort: Chapter 7 liquidation

- Can result from lack of cash and/or lack of viable business plan
- Speedy auction or salvage value
- Receiver manages process
- To be avoided in any way possible



## Chiron's Oil & Gas Team:

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